

1

hodnota 0 1 2 3 4 5 6  
(naměřeni) četnost  $n_i$  57 24 10 6 2 0 1 ...  $\Sigma = 100$

$H_0$  ... mm. hodnoty podléží z geometrické h.s. r. s  $q = 0,5$

$H_1$  .. 7( ... )

$\alpha = 5\%$

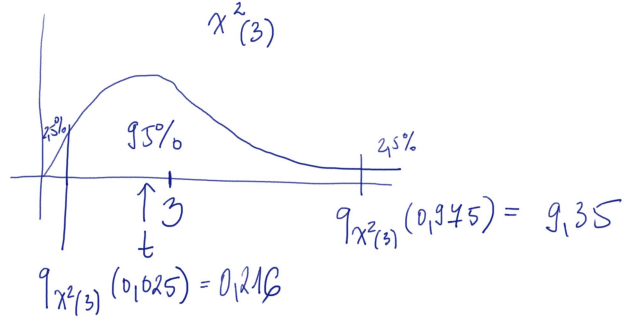
$$T = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(n_i - m_{pi})^2}{m_{pi}} \sim \chi^2(k-1)$$

$$P[X=x] = q^x (1-q) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2^{x+1}}$$

	k=4			
	0	1	2	3 a více
$n_i$	57	24	10	9
$p_i$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
$m_{pi}$	50	25	12,5	12,5
$n_i - m_{pi}$	7	-1	-2,5	-3,5
$(n_i - m_{pi})^2$	49	1	6,25	12,25
$\frac{(n_i - m_{pi})^2}{m_{pi}}$	0,98	0,04	0,5	0,98

...  $Z = 2,5 = t \sim \chi^2(3)$

$H_0$  nepřítomně



2

1	2	3	4	5	6
4	5	5	12	6	15

$n=50$

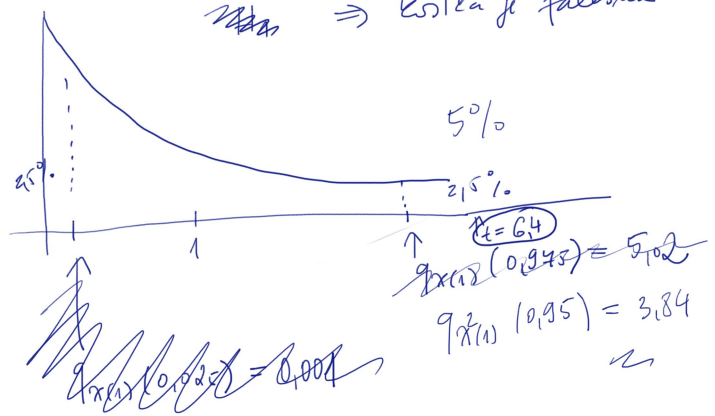
$H_0$  ... man. klad. pochla'zi s normalneho r.  
 $H_1$  ... .. me.... .. => krotka je falešna'

$$T = \sum \frac{(m_i - m_{pi})^2}{m_{pi}}$$

	1 až 5	6
$m_i$	35	15
$p_i$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$
$m_{pi}$	$\frac{5}{6} \cdot 50 = \frac{250}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6} \cdot 50 = \frac{50}{6}$
$m_i - m_{pi}$	$-\frac{20}{6}$	$\frac{20}{6}$
$(m_i - m_{pi})^2$	$\frac{400}{36}$	$\frac{400}{36}$
$\frac{(m_i - m_{pi})^2}{m_{pi}}$	$\frac{400}{345}$	$\frac{400}{45}$

$= t = 6.4$

$H_0$  zamítáme  
~~...~~ => krotka je falešna'



$\alpha = 1\%$  ...  $q_{X(1)}(0.005) = 0.000039$  }  $H_0$  nezamítáme  
 $q_{X(1)}(0.995) = 4.88$   
 $0.99$        $6.64$

3

	0	1	2	3	4	
1. sč. $m_i$	12	8	4	16	20	$m=60$
2. sč. $n_i$	8	4	1	9	15	$n=40$

$H_0 \dots$  dve mereni' podla'z' z' stejne'ho rozdela'

$H_1 \dots \chi^2(3)$

$\alpha = 5\%$

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(m_i - m p_i)^2}{m p_i} + \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(n_i - n p_i)^2}{n p_i}$$

$$p_i = \frac{m_i + n_i}{m + n} \quad t \text{ testajeme na } \chi^2(k-1)$$

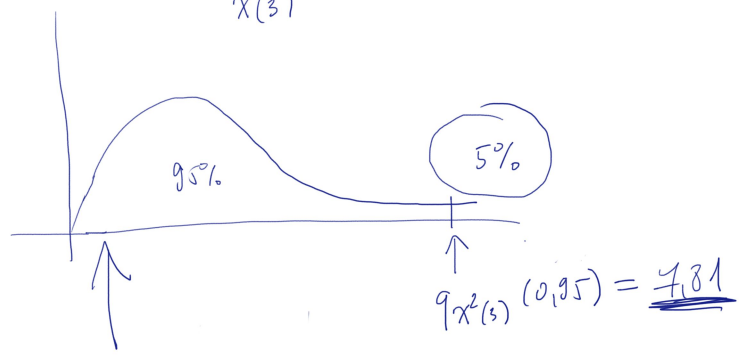
	0	1,2	3	4	$\Sigma$
$m_i$	12	12	16	20	$m=60$
$n_i$	8	8	9	15	$n=40$
$m_i + n_i$	20	20	25	35	
$p_i$	0,2	0,2	0,25	0,35	
$m \cdot p_i$	12	12	15	21	
$n \cdot p_i$	8	8	10	14	
$m_i - m p_i$	0	0	1	-1	
$n_i - n p_i$	0	0	-1	1	
$(m_i - m p_i)^2$	0	0	1	1	
$(n_i - n p_i)^2$	0	0	1	1	

$\frac{(m_i - m p_i)^2}{m p_i}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{15}$	$\frac{1}{21}$
$\frac{(n_i - n p_i)^2}{n p_i}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{14}$

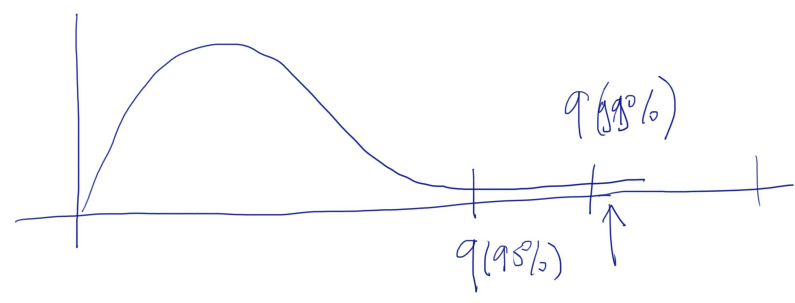
$$t = \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{21} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{14} = \underline{\underline{0,2857}}$$

$\alpha = 5\%$

$\chi^2(3)$



$H_0$  nezavita'me



4

	modre'	pede'	lunde'
blasy ... i kes	10	10	40
tuane'	20	10	10

$H_0$  ... jeng j'son meginisla' ...  $T=0$

$H_1$  ... mejsan

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^m \frac{(n_{ij} - n_{i.} p_{.j})^2}{n_{i.} p_{.j}}$$

$\alpha = 5\%$

$$p_i = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^m n_{ij}$$

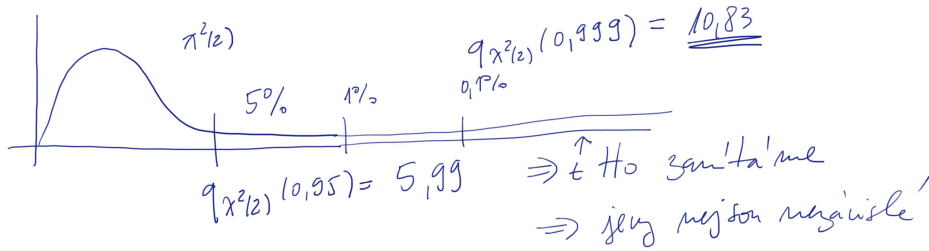
$$q_j = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^k n_{ij}$$

$i \setminus j$	1	2	3	
1	$\frac{(10 - 10 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 0.6)^2}{100 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 0.6}$	$\frac{(10 - 10 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.6)^2}{100 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.6}$	$\frac{(40 - 10 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.6)^2}{100 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.6}$	$p_1 = 0.6$
2	$\frac{(20 - 12)^2}{12}$	$\frac{(10 - 8)^2}{8}$	$\frac{(10 - 20)^2}{20}$	$p_2 = 0.4$
	30	20	50	$m = 100$
	$q_1 = 0.3$	$q_2 = 0.2$	$q_3 = 0.5$	

$$t = \frac{(10 - 18)^2}{18} + \frac{(10 - 12)^2}{12} + \frac{(40 - 30)^2}{30} + \frac{(20 - 12)^2}{12} + \frac{(10 - 8)^2}{8} + \frac{(10 - 20)^2}{20}$$

$$= \frac{64}{18} + \frac{4}{12} + \frac{100}{30} + \frac{64}{12} + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{100}{20} = 18.056$$

$\sim \chi^2_{((k-1)(m-1))} = \chi^2_{(2)}$



$\alpha = 0.1\% \Rightarrow H_0$  zan'ta'me

5

njȳka	205	155	185	155
naħa	95	55	65	85

H<sub>0</sub>... raseluce ĵi muloza!  
H<sub>1</sub>... ĵony ipou 'srelobrame'

$$T = \frac{R_{xy} \cdot \sqrt{n-2}}{\sqrt{1-R_{xy}^2}} \sim t(n-2)$$

$$R_{xy} = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \cdot \sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$

	1	2	3	4	
x <sub>i</sub>	205	155	185	155	$\bar{x} = 175$
y <sub>i</sub>	95	55	65	85	$\bar{y} = 75$
x <sub>i</sub> - $\bar{x}$	30	-20	10	-20	
y <sub>i</sub> - $\bar{y}$	20	-20	-10	10	$\Sigma$
(x <sub>i</sub> - $\bar{x}$ )(y <sub>i</sub> - $\bar{y}$ )	600	400	-100	-200	700
(x <sub>i</sub> - $\bar{x}$ ) <sup>2</sup>	900	400	100	400	1800
(y <sub>i</sub> - $\bar{y}$ ) <sup>2</sup>	400	400	100	100	1000

$$r_{xy} = \frac{700}{\sqrt{1800 \cdot 1000}} = 0,5214$$

$$t = \frac{0,5214 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1 - 0,5214^2}} = 0,8648$$

H<sub>0</sub> nȳam'ta'me

