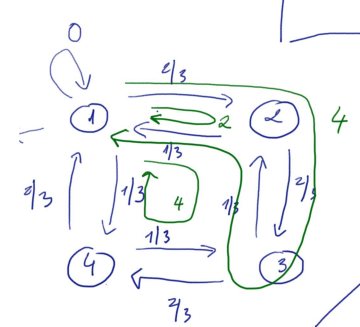
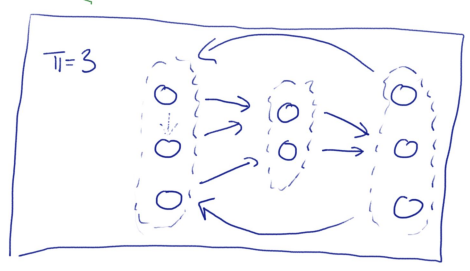
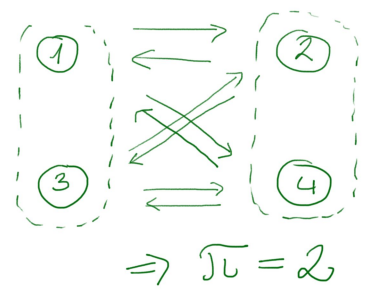


$msd = 2$

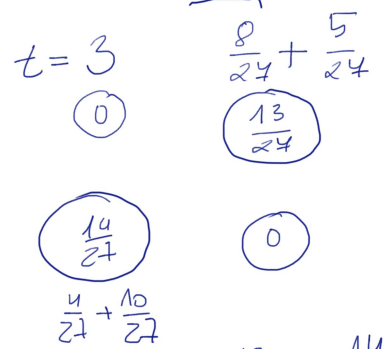
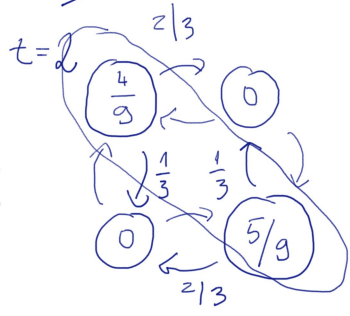
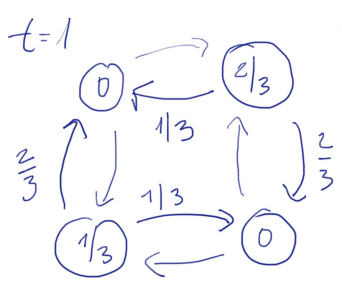
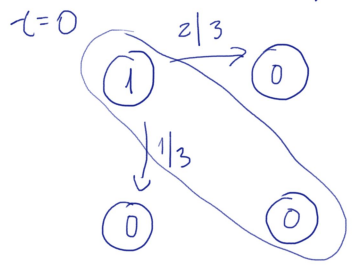
$p_0 = (1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0)$

$p_1 = p_0 \cdot P = (1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0) \begin{pmatrix} \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \end{pmatrix} = (0 \ \frac{2}{3} \ 0 \ \frac{1}{3})$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{n. stavy jsou zde trvale} \\ \text{n. stavy tvří 1 komponentu} \\ \text{n. stavy mají periodu } \pi = 1 \end{array} \right\} \text{ergodicity}$



$p_2 = p_0 \cdot P^2$



$p_0 = (1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0)$

$p_1 = (0 \ \frac{2}{3} \ 0 \ \frac{1}{3})$

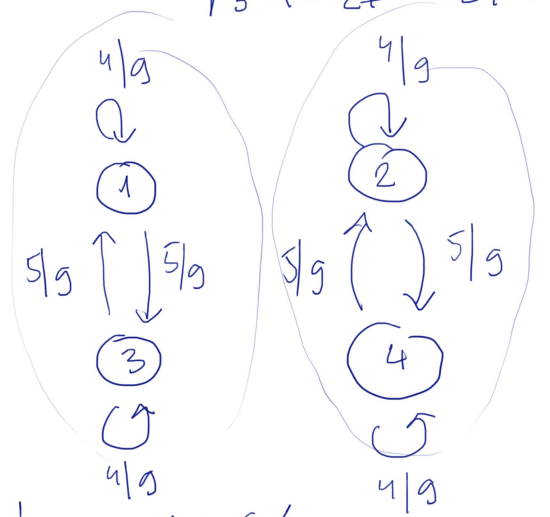
p_2

$p_3 = (0 \ \frac{13}{24} \ 0 \ \frac{14}{24})$

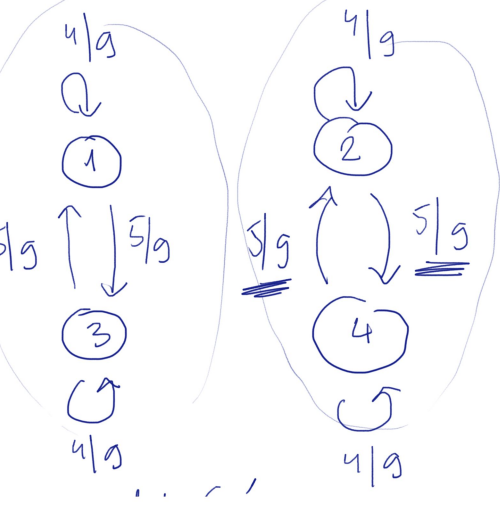
$P^2 = P \cdot P$

	1	2	3	4
1	$\frac{4}{9}$	0	$\frac{5}{9}$	0
2	0	$\frac{4}{9}$	0	$\frac{5}{9}$
3	$\frac{5}{9}$	0	$\frac{4}{9}$	0
4	0	$\frac{5}{9}$	0	$\frac{4}{9}$

	1	3	2	4
1	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{5}{9}$	0	0
3	$\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{4}{9}$	0	0
2	0	0	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{5}{9}$
4	0	0	$\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{4}{9}$



$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{stavy trvale} \\ \pi = 1 \\ \text{2 komponenty} \end{array} \right\} \text{není ergodicity}$



$$\hat{P} = \begin{array}{c|cc} & 1 & 3 \\ \hline 1 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ \hline 3 & 1/2 & 1/2 \end{array}$$

$$(p_s \cdot P)^T = p_s^T$$

$$P^T \cdot p_s^T = p_s^T$$

$$P^T p_s^T - E p_s^T = 0^T$$

$$(P^T - E) p_s^T = 0^T$$

$$\hat{P}^T - E = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha \underbrace{(1 \ 1)}_2; \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$p_s = \begin{pmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

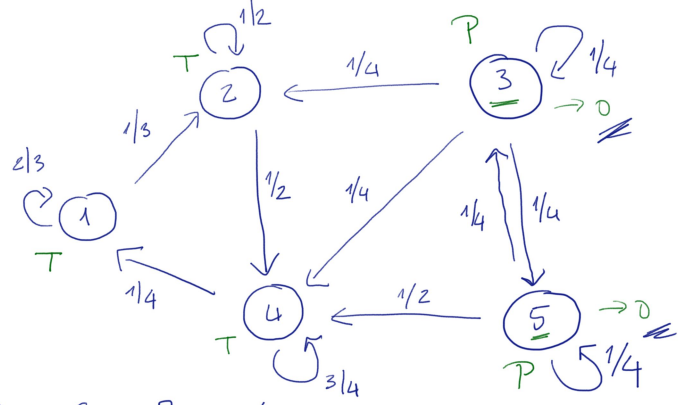
$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 3 & & 2 & 4 \\ \left(\frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \right) \cdot P & = & \left(0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \right) \end{matrix}$$

$$\underbrace{\left(\frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \right)}_{p_s} \cdot P = \left(\frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

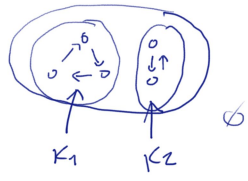
3

P =

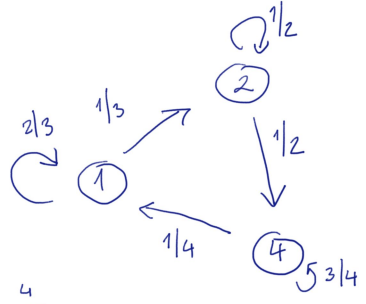
	1	2	3	4	5
1	2/3	1/3	0	0	0
2	0	1/2	0	1/2	0
3	0	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4
4	1/4	0	0	3/4	0
5	0	0	1/4	1/2	1/4



maximální množiny stavů $\{1, 2, 4\}, \emptyset$
komP.



$p_s = (\frac{3}{9} \frac{2}{9} 0 \frac{4}{9} 0)$



(ERGODICKY)

$\hat{P} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 2/3 & 1/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/4 & 0 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$

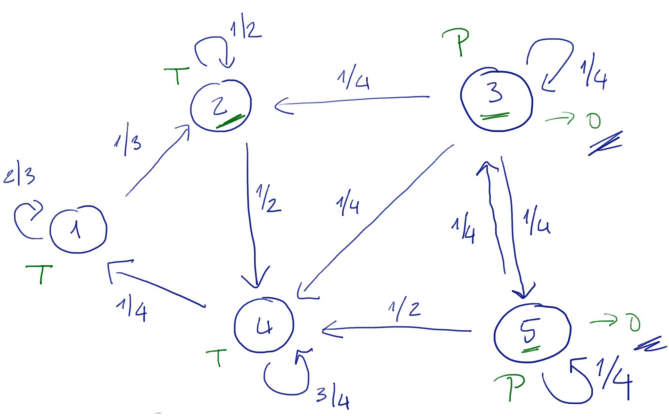
$(\hat{P} - E)^T = \begin{pmatrix} -1/3 & 0 & 1/4 \\ 1/3 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1/4 \end{pmatrix}$

$\begin{pmatrix} -1/3 & 0 & 1/4 \\ 1/3 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1/4 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow +$

$\hat{p}_s = (a \ b \ c)$
 $\sim \begin{pmatrix} -1/3 & 0 & 1/4 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 1/4 \\ 0 & 1/2 & -1/4 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} b=1 \\ c=2 \end{matrix}$
 $\rightarrow -\frac{1}{3}a + \frac{1}{2} = 0$

$\frac{2}{9} \downarrow \alpha \left(\frac{3}{2} \ 1 \ 2 \right) ; \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \quad a = \frac{1/2}{1/3} = \frac{3}{2}$
 $\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{2} + \frac{4}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$
 $\hat{p}_s = \left(\frac{3}{9} \ \frac{2}{9} \ \frac{4}{9} \right)$

Case $t=2$ je star=2
 $t=0 \dots ?$



$$L(\underline{i}) = p(i \rightarrow \cdot \rightarrow 2)$$

$$= P[x_0=i] \cdot p_i \cdot p_{\cdot 2}$$

$t=0$

$$L(4) = p(4 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2) = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{12}$$

$$L(1) = p(1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2) + p(1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{18}$$

$$L(2) = p(2 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 2) = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$$

$$L(3) = p(3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 2) + p(3 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{16}$$

$$L(5) = p(5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2) = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{16}$$

